| Semester | Part | Sub. Code | Title of the Paper | L | P | T | Credits |
|----------|------|-----------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|---------|
| III | III | | Fundamentals of Chemistry-I | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 |

Aim: To learn about the chemical bonding and fundamentals of chemistry

Objective:

• To learn the basic of bonding nature, mechanism of reactions and materials used in the industries.

.Outcome:

- *Understanding on various bonding types in chemical compounds.*
- *Understanding on nuclear reactions and reaction mechanism in chemistry.*

Unit-I Chemical Bonding - I

(12 hrs)

Types of bonds – ionic bond- factors favoring ionic bond - covalent bond – orbital overlap – linear combination of orbitals - σ and π bond formation – polarity in covalent molecules - Fajan's rule – effects of polarization -coordinate bond - simple examples.Molecular Orbital Theory – linear combination of orbitals –types of molecular orbitals- energy level diagrams- e filling in MO – bond order – MO diagrams of H₂, He₂, Li₂, Be₂, N₂ and O₂ molecules – mixing of orbitals – MO diagrams of CO, HF and NO molecules. Metallic Bond – properties of metals – free electron theory – merits and demerits – valence theory - band theory of solids (Primitive treatment only) – H-bonding – effects H bonding.

Unit-II Co-ordination Chemistry

(12 hrs)

Co-ordination chemistry-definition of terms- classification of ligands-Nomenclature-Chelation-Examples. Chelate effect- explanation-Coordination chemistry -nomenclature of complexes -Werner, Sidgewick and Pauling theories—Chelation — examples of complexes-Prussian Blue, Haemoglobin , Chlorophyll -applications of coordination chemistry in qualitative and quantitative analysis.

Unit-III Fundamentals of reaction mechanism

(12 hrs)

Homolytic and heterolytic fissions – types of organic reactions – types of attacking reagents – inductive, electromeric, resonance and hyperconjugation effects. Types of substitution reactions – $S_N^{\ 1}$ and $S_N^{\ 2}$ reactions – aromatic electrophilic substitution mechanism – Mechanism of nitration, halogenation, alkylation, acylation, sulphonation – elimination reactions – mechanism, examples. Addition reactions – types – nucleophilic and electrophilic additions-nucleophilic additions to alkenes – Markovnikov rule – peroxide effect.

UNIT-IV Photochemistry and Electrochemistry

(12 hrs)

Photo chemistry – Grotthus-Drapers law and Stark-Einstein's law of photochemical equivalence. Quantum yield. Examples for photochemical reactions-Hydrogen- Chlorine reaction, photosynthesis. Phosphorescence, Fluorescence, Chemiluminesence and photosensitization - definitions with examples.

Electrochemistry: Ionic equilibria- strong and weak electrolytes, acid-base, common ion effect, pH, buffer solutions and buffer action in biological systems and salt hydrolysis. (Definitions, examples and equations only). (No derivations)

Unit-V Industrial chemistry

(12 hrs)

Dyes – theory of colour and constitution - chromophore, auxochrome- classification of dyes – natural dyes (Indigo) – azo dyes (Methyl Orange, Bismark brown) – triphenyl methane dyes (Malachite Green, Crystal violet). Polymers- types- addition polymerization – mechanismspreparation, properties and uses of PE,PU, PMMA and SBR.Fertilizers - micro and macro nutrients - urea, ammonium sulphate, ammonium nitrate, potassium nitrate NPK fertilizer eutrophication- organic manures – compost, vermiculate.

Text Books:

- 1. Puri & Sharma Principles of Physical Chemistry- Vishal Publishing Co, 42nd Edition,
- 2. Bahl & Arun Bahl, Principles of Organic Chemistry S. Chand & Company, 16th edition, (2004).
- 3. Gopalan, R., Ramalingam, V. Concise Coordination Chemistry, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. (2007).

Reference Books:

- 1. Jain & Jain Dhanpat, Engineering Chemistry Rai Publishing, 15th edition, (2008).
- 2. Asim. K.Das, Fundamental concept of Inorganic Chemistry -CBS publishers and Distributors, 2nd edition, (2010).
- 3. B.K. Sharma Industrial Chemistry –Krishna Prakashan media (p) Ltd., 8th edition, (1996).

| Semester | Part | Sub. Code | Title of the Paper | | P | T | Credits |
|----------|------|-----------|------------------------------|---|---|---|---------|
| IV | III | | Fundamentals of Chemistry-II | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 |

Aim: To learn about kinetics of reaction, stereoisomerism and biomolecules

Objective:

• To learn the basic concept of kinetics, liquid state, solutions and medicinal compounds in chemistry.

Outcome:

- Understanding on rate of reaction and naming reaction in chemistry
- *Understanding on various biomolecules in chemistry.*

Unit-I Liquid state and solutions

(12 hrs)

General properties of liquids – vapour pressure- definition, measurement – Trouton's rule – surface tension – effect of T on surface tension – effects of surface tension – measurement – surfactants – viscosity- measurement of viscosity – effect of temperature, pressure on viscosity. Solutions - types - Liquid in Liquid - Raoult's law. Deviation from ideal behavior - Binary liquid mixtures- theory of fractional distillation – azeotropes. Mesomorphic state – compounds forming liquid crystals – types of liquid crystals – applications of liquid crystals.

Unit-II Chemical kinetics and catalysis

(12 hrs)

Kinetics – terminology of kinetics - rate, law of mass action, rate law, order, molecularity, pseudo first order, half-life period -Determination of order – graphical, isolation and half-life time methods. Kinetics of zero, first and second order reactions (both cases) – kinetics of hydrolysis of ester (both acid and alkaline)activation energy – importance of E_a – Arrhenius equation (derivation not expected) .

Catalysis – requirements of a catalyst – types of catalysis and catalysts – theories of catalysis – enzyme catalysis – Fischer mechanism.

Unit-III Stereoisomerism and Name reactions

(12 hrs)

Stereoisomerism – types – geometrical isomerism – optical activity- condition for optical activity – symmetry elements –chirality -optical isomerism –R,S notation - disastereomers – optical activity of lactic and tartaric acids- racemization.Name reactions - Mechanisms of aldol, Schmidt, Perkin, Knoevenagel, Cannizaro and benzoin condensation reactions.

Unit-IV Biomolecules (12 hrs)

Amino Acids- Classification – preparation, properties - preparation of peptides. Classification of proteins - Primary and secondary structures of proteins – biosynthesis of proteins (basic idea only) Carbohydartes – classification, preparation and properties of glucose and fructose- open ring structures of glucose and fructose. Antineoplastic agents – cancer – types of tumour – causes for cancer – treatment methods (concepts only)-antineoplatic agents- alkaylating agents – cisplatin - mode of action.

Unit-V Industrial materials

(12hrs)

Lubricants – friction and wear – functions and types of lubricants –mechanism of lubrication – solid lubricants – selection of lubricants –cutting fluids. Adhesives – adhesive action- factors affecting the adhesion- classification of adhesives. Cement – manufacture of Portland cement – hardening of cement – Glass- manufacture – types (Soda –lime and Potash – lime glasses only) and their uses.

Text Books:

- 1. Puri & Sharma Principles of Physical Chemistry- Vishal Publishing Co, 42nd Edition, (2007).
- 2. Bahl & Arun Bahl, Principles of Organic Chemistry S. Chand & Company, 16th edition,
- 3. V.K.Ahluwalia, Drugs, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. (2010).

Reference Books:

- 1. Jain & Jain Dhanpat, Engineering Chemistry Rai Publishing, 15th edition, (2008).
- 2. Asim. K.Das, Fundamental concept of Inorganic Chemistry -CBS publishers and Distributors, 2nd edition, (2010).
- 3. B.K. Sharma Industrial Chemistry –Krishna Prakashan media (p) Ltd., 8th edition, (1996).

| Semester | Part | Sub. Code | Title of the Paper | L | P | T | Credits |
|----------|------|-----------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---------|
| IV | III | | Fundamentals of Chemistry Laboratory | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 |

ALLIED CHEMISTRY PRACTICALS

- I. VOLUMETRIC ANALYSIS: (any 10)
 - 1. Estimation of hydrochloric acid using standard Oxalic acid.
 - 2. Estimation of Sodium hydroxide using standard Sodium carbonate
 - 3. Estimation of Na₂CO₃ in washing soda
 - 4. Estimation of Carbonate and bicarbonate in a mixture
 - 5. Estimation of Ferrous Sulphate- standard Mohr's salt solution.
 - 6. Estimation of Oxalic acid- standard Mohr's salt solution
 - 7. Estimation of H_2O_2 using standard oxalic acid
 - 8. Estimation of MnO₂ in Pyrolusite
 - 9. Estimation of Cu²⁺ by using standard K₂Cr₂O₇
 - 10. Estimation of Cu²⁺ by using standard CuSO₄
 - 11. Estimation of Chloride ion in water
 - 12. Estimation of hardness of water using EDTA.
- II. ORGANIC ANALYSIS: systematic analysis
 - 1. Detection of Elements (N, S, Halogens).
 - 2. To distinguish between Aliphatic and Aromatic.
 - 3. To distinguish between saturated and unsaturated.
 - 4. (a) Functional group tests for phenols, acids (mono and di), aromatic primary amine, amide, diamide, carbohydrate, carbonyl compounds.
 - (b) Functional group(s) to be characterized by confirmatory tests.

Reference Books:

- 1. Advanced Inorganic Practicals- Gurudeepraj, Krishnaprakasham, 2nd edition, 2002.
- 2. Systematic Orangic Analysis, Gnanaprakasham, B.Viswanathan publishers, 1st edition, 1979.

| Scheme of Valuation | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Record | 10 marks | | | | |
| Volumetry | | | | | |
| Aim, Tables (05 marks) | 40 marks | | | | |
| Procedure (10 marks) | | | | | |
| Calculation (15 marks) | | | | | |
| Result (10 marks) | | | | | |
| Organic Analysis | 40 marks | | | | |
| Procedure (15 marks) | | | | | |
| Elements (05 marks) | | | | | |
| Aromatic/ Aliphatic (05 marks) | | | | | |
| Sat/Unsat (05 marks) | | | | | |
| Functional group (10 marks) | | | | | |
| Viva | 10 marks | | | | |
| Total | 100 marks | | | | |